President Takes Steps to Spur Head of Alliance for Progress

By RICHARD DUDMAN CPYRGMWashington Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

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PRESIDENTIAL CRITICISM of the Alliance for Progress h added new urgency to the urgent problems already faced Teodoro Moscoso, key man in the program for economic and soci development in Latin America.

Moscoso, an American from Puerto Rico, was picked by the President four months ago to be the chief architect and advocate of the alliance. He already had been working 12 hours a day, in-cluding weekends, to get the cluding weekends, to get the program well started and to prepare for the ordeal of crossexamination by the House Appropriations Committee starting this month.

THEN, CAME the word from the White House privately but vigorously — that the program was too slow in getting started. Mr. Kennedy wanted tangible results in a hurry, and he wanted the appearance of dramatic; fast-moving success.

Under this prodding, steps already have been taken to spur quicker and more effective ac-

Moscoso's title has been changed, by direct presidential order. Instead of being called regional assistant administrator for Latin America of the Agency for International Development, he now is known as co-ordinator for the Alliance for Progress.

His staff is being moved physically out of the AID wing of the State Department, The shift, being made this weekend, will give the Latin American program its own separate location several blocks away and symbolize its special importance.

The President has also as-assist temporarily two trouble-times to help move the pro-position ahead faster. The special dssignments have been given to Richard N. Goodwin, deputy as-sistant Secretary of State for Latin American affairs, and Richard M. Bissell Jr., who refired recently as deputy director of the Central Intelligence Agency to join the Institute for Defense Analyses which works under contract for the Department of Defense. of Defense.

These remedial steps point to organization problems that



THEODORO MOSCOS

named ambassador to Vene la, has won high praise Washington and in Latin America as a tough and creative idea man.

But as an administrator is said by some to try to do too many jobs himself and to surround himself with too many special assistants without cear lines of authority. lines of authority

BEYOND these procedural difficulties, however, are some underlying problems that are central to the concept of the Alliance for Progress, a announced by President Kennedy last March 13 and approved as an Inter-American undertaking last August at Punta del Este, Uruquay, by all the American nations except Cube.

These problems are not recessarily insoluble, but clear solutions are not yet in aight.

First there is a special problem of co-ordination. How can
Moscoso co-ordinate a program
that is not really an entiry but
a collection of different those of
assistance operated by many
different public and private in-

be livested in aconomic and social development in 10 years comprises not only direct United States said but also louis from the World Bank and the Inter-American Development Bank, foreign government assistance, and private investment from the United States as well as Western Europe and Lapan, and of the

Even some parts of the direct United States aid fall outside the new AID agency and thus out side Moscoso's formal jurisdios tion. Substantial assistance is in the form of surplus food, handled by the Department of Agriculture, and loans from the Export-Import Bank. He has no control over private of foreign government investment.

ment investment.

When President Kennedy appointed Moscoso, a regional assistant administrator of all last November, her designated him also "co-ordinator of all out Alliance for Progress efforts."

But there was test to the latter title than met the eye, and the allianced quirkly into disuse.

it slipped quickly into disuse.

MR. KENNEDY now has ordered the "co-ordinator" title used exclusively and made it clear at a meeting of officials from all agencies concerned that this was Moscose's function and that they should accept his policy guidance where the alliance was concerned.

Since then, Moscoso has been calling together top officials of United States agencies as well as United States representatives on international lending agencies to apply co-ordination in fact as well as name.

A SECOND underlying problem is how to persuade the rich and powerful. Latin America to give up the rich their wealth and power is to interests of social progress.

progress.

Tax and land reforms, which are at the peart of the alliance concept. File at the foundations of the shield system that atility grips are at a land a system that atility grips are a land to she at room political security.

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mind sether than a program." says, lewe must help the poor

But many members of the Latin American oligarchies still resist change and are willing take their chances on a future that recains the abuses of the

A final basic question concerns the clash between drastic reform and incentives to private investmenta

Public assistance, can be no more than marginal. What cach country of Latin America needs is thousands of active entrepreneurs putting capital into their countries economies.

But land reform and tax; reform smack of socialism and are anathems to investment. They cause local capital to fly to num bered accounts in Switzerland or to havens in other countries the have no such left wing notion about redistributing the wealth Moscoso draws on his experi ence with Operation Bootstrap to show that social reforms bring rising standard of living the helps everyone, business included. He appeals to capital's sens of its own best interest and promises long-run benefits.

It remains to be seen ho effective this persuasion will be For all its difficulties, the liance is completing its first ye with some tangible accomplishments to its credit. Moscoso expected to announce this week that direct United States development aid has passed the billiondollar mark. This will be according to schedule even though the program has had only about four months of actual operation.

Colombia and Bolivia presented over-all development plans to a nine-member advisory pagel some time ago, and Chile presented its plan last week. Those of Panama and Honduras are ex-

pected soon.
Tax and land reforms, new equication programs, and housing construction are proceeding, rapidly in some countries slowly is

It is too earty to gradiet of traced dramatic success or dramatic success or dramatic failures with the second sec

could plague any agency. Moscoso, who headed Puerto Rico's dustries?

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